

REPORT OF THE AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS AUDIT EXAMINATION OF THE FULTON COUNTY SHERIFF'S SETTLEMENT - 1999 TAXES

April 17, 2000

EDWARD B. HATCHETT, JR. AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS WWW.KYAUDITOR.NET

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

AUDIT EXAMINATION OF THE FULTON COUNTY SHERIFF'S SETTLEMENT - 1999 TAXES

April 17, 2000

The Auditor of Public Accounts has completed the audit of the Sheriff's Settlement - 1999 Taxes for the Fulton County Sheriff as of April 17, 2000. We have issued an unqualified opinion on the financial statements taken as a whole. Based upon the audit work performed, the financial statements are presented fairly in all material respects.

Financial Condition:

Net tax yield for 1999 taxes was \$1,978,728. The Sheriff distributed taxes of \$1,898,813 to the districts for taxes. Refunds of \$575 are due to the Sheriff from the taxing districts.
Debt Obligations:
None.
Report Comments:
None.
Deposits:
The Sheriff's deposits were insured and collateralized by bank securities or bonds.
Subsequent Events:
None.

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EDWARD B. HATCHETT, JR. AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

To the People of Kentucky
Honorable Paul E. Patton, Governor
T. Kevin Flanery, Secretary
Finance and Administration Cabinet
Dana Mayton, Secretary, Revenue Cabinet
Honorable Harold M. Garrison, Fulton County Judge/Executive
Honorable Robert Hopper, Fulton County Sheriff
Members of the Fulton County Fiscal Court

Independent Auditor's Report

We have audited the Fulton County Sheriff's Settlement - 1999 Taxes as of April 17, 2000. This tax settlement is the responsibility of the Fulton County Sheriff. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial statement based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the <u>Audit Guide for Sheriff's Tax Settlements</u> issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts, Commonwealth of Kentucky. These standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statement is free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statement. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

The Sheriff prepares his financial statement on a prescribed basis of accounting that demonstrates compliance with the modified cash basis and laws of Kentucky, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statement referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the Fulton County Sheriff's taxes charged, credited, and paid as of April 17, 2000, in conformity with the basis of accounting described in the preceding paragraph.

To the People of Kentucky
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In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, we have also issued our report dated June 5, 2001, on our consideration of the Sheriff's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

Respectfully submitted,

Edward B. Hatchett, Jr. Auditor of Public Accounts

Audit fieldwork completed - June 5, 2001

FULTON COUNTY ROBERT HOPPER, SHERIFF SHERIFF'S SETTLEMENT - 1999 TAXES

As of April 17, 2000

Special	
- I	

Charges	Con	mtr. Torros	Тох	sin a Diatriata	Ca	haal Tawaa	C4.	to Towas
<u>Charges</u>	Col	inty Taxes	<u> 1 a x</u>	king Districts	<u>SC</u>	hool Taxes	Sta	ate Taxes
Real Estate	\$	170,685	\$	253,994	\$	876,659	\$	236,471
Tangible Personal Property	Ψ	26,688	Ψ	36,030	Ψ	169,595	Ψ	131,880
Intangible Personal Property		20,000		30,030		107,575		21,906
Enterprise Zone		185						21,700
Fire Protection		425						
Franchise Corporation		41,281		13,238		57,963		
Additional Billings		3,872		4,940		26,737		6,232
Increased Through Erroneous		3,072		1,5 10		20,737		0,232
Assessments		43		52		287		3,541
Penalties		1,180		1,523		5,204		1,486
Adjusted to Sheriff's Receipt		1,100		9		3,201		1,100
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Gross Chargeable to Sheriff	\$	244,360	\$	309,786	\$	1,136,446	\$	401,517
<u>Credits</u>								
Discounts	\$	2,972	\$	4,185	\$	15,308	\$	6,254
Exonerations		5,841		7,082		36,474		4,691
Delinquents:								
Real Estate		3,599		4,603		17,669		4,551
Tangible Personal Property		19		21		57		55
Total Credits	\$	12,431	\$	15,891	\$	69,508	\$	15,551
Net Tax Yield	\$	231,929	\$	293,895	\$	1,066,938	\$	385,966
Less: Commissions *		10,144		12,491		37,343		16,691
Net Taxes Due	\$	221,785	\$	281,404	\$	1,029,595	\$	369,275
Taxes Paid		221,619		280,857		1,027,674		368,663
Refunds (Current and Prior Year)		453		547		1,921		900
Due Districts or (Refund Due Sheriff)								
as of Completion of Fieldwork	\$	(287)	\$	0	\$	0	\$	(288)

* Commissions:

10% on \$ 10,000 4.25% on \$ 901,790 3.5% on \$ 1,066,938

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statement.

FULTON COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT

April 17, 2000

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Fund Accounting

The Sheriff's office tax collection duties are limited to acting as an agent for assessed property owners and taxing districts. A fund is used to account for the collection and distribution of taxes. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities.

B. Basis of Accounting

The financial statement has been prepared on a modified cash basis of accounting. Basis of accounting refers to when charges, credits, and taxes paid are reported in the settlement statement. It relates to the timing of measurements regardless of the measurement focus.

Charges are sources of revenue which are recognized in the tax period in which they become available and measurable. Credits are reductions of revenue which are recognized when there is proper authorization. Taxes paid are uses of revenue which are recognized when distributions are made to the taxing districts and others.

C. Cash and Investments

At the direction of the fiscal court, KRS 66.480 authorizes the Sheriff's office to invest in the following, including but not limited to, obligations of the United States and of its agencies and instrumentalities, obligations and contracts for future delivery or purchase of obligations backed by the full faith and credit of the United States, obligations of any corporation of the United States government, bonds or certificates of indebtedness of this state, and certificates of deposit issued by or other interest-bearing accounts of any bank or savings and loan institution which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or which are collateralized, to the extent uninsured, by any obligation permitted by KRS 41.240(4).

Note 2. Deposits

The Sheriff maintained deposits of public funds with depository institutions insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). According to KRS 66.480(1)(d) and KRS 41.240(4), the depository institution should pledge or provide sufficient collateral which, together with FDIC insurance, equals or exceeds the amount of public funds on deposit at all times. In order to be valid against the FDIC in the event of failure or insolvency of the depository institution, this pledge or provision of collateral should be evidenced by an agreement between the Sheriff and the depository institution, signed by both parties, that is (a) in writing, (b) approved by the board of directors of the depository institution or its loan committee, which approval must be reflected in the minutes of the board or committee, and (c) an official record of the depository institution. These requirements were met, and as of April 17, 2000, the Sheriff's deposits were fully insured or collateralized at a 100% level with collateral of either pledged securities held by the Sheriff's agent in the Sheriff's name, or provided surety bond which named the Sheriff as beneficiary/obligee on the bond.

FULTON COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT April 17, 2000 (Continued)

Note 3. Property Taxes

The real and personal property tax assessments were levied as of January 1, 1999. Property taxes were billed to finance governmental services for the year ended June 30, 2000. Liens are effective when the tax bills become delinquent. The collection period for these assessments was September 28, 1999 through April 17, 2000.

Note 4. Interest Income

The Fulton County Sheriff earned \$ 3,117 as interest income on 1999 taxes. The Sheriff distributed the appropriate amount to the school districts as required by statute, and the remainder will be used to operate the Sheriff's office.

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING BASED ON AN AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS



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Report On Compliance And On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting Based On An Audit Of The Financial Statement Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

We have audited the Fulton County Sheriff's Settlement - 1999 Taxes as of April 17, 2000, and have issued our report thereon dated June 5, 2001. We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Fulton County Sheriff's Settlement - 1999 Taxes as of April 17, 2000 is free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Fulton County Sheriff's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statement and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statement being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Report On Compliance And On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting Based On An Audit Of The Financial Statement Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards (Continued)

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than the specified party.

Respectfully submitted,

Edward B. Hatchett, Jr. Auditor of Public Accounts

Audit fieldwork completed - June 5, 2001